#### In cooperation with

**EQUIP's** Million Leaders Mandate Series Two ~ Notebook Three The Salvation Army Edition

# The Principles 360 Degree Leaders Practice to Lead Up

# Lesson 1: Lead Yourself and Lighten the Load

The Big Idea:

"Follow me; I'm right behind you."

"So Moses heeded the voice of his father-in-law and did all that he said."

Exodus 18:24

The 360 Degree Leader must learn the skills to lead up (with your leader), lead across (with your colleagues) and lead down (with your followers). Each of these draws on different principles and requires different skills. Leading up is the greatest challenge. Your underlying strategy should be to support your leader, add value to the organization, and distinguish yourself from the rest of the pack by doing your work with excellence.

◆ <u>Leader's Notes</u> ◆ PRAY! PRAY! PRAY!

In this series of lessons, we will study the "Lead Up" principles one by one:

- 1. Lead Yourself Exceptionally Well
- 2. Lighten Your Leader's Load
- 3. Be Willing to Do What Others Won't Do
- 4. Do More Than Manage Lead!
- 5. Invest in Relational Chemistry
- 6. Become a Go-To Player

## A Question to Consider:

How well do you lead yourself?
How would you rate your self-management and self-discipline?



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## Lead Yourself Exceptionally Well

Learn to lead yourself before you try to lead others. The keys to leading yourself well are self-management and self-discipline. Nothing will make a greater positive impression on those above you than your ability to lead yourself. John Maxwell lists the following areas in which you must manage yourself:

Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. 1. 2. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. 3. 4. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_. 5. 6. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. 7. Manage your \_\_\_\_\_\_. If I can't lead myself, others won't \_\_\_\_\_ me. If I can't lead myself, others won't \_\_\_\_\_ me. If I can't lead myself, others won't \_\_\_\_\_ me.

## Biblical Case Study: Paul (Acts 26:12-29)

Leaders add infinite weight to their words by living the principles they teach. Paul earned enormous credibility and influence by practicing what he preached. When Paul stood before King Agrippa and was asked to defend himself, he was able to do it with credibility because of the life he lived.

Paul was willing for his life and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be on display.
 He modeled a life fully \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Christ.
 He encouraged everyone to follow his \_\_\_\_\_\_.
 He \_\_\_\_\_\_ for the sake of others.
 He gave himself fully to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Lord.

- ♦ <u>Leader's Notes</u> ♦
  - 1. Emotions
    - 2. Time
  - 3. Priorities
  - 4. Energy
  - 5. Thinking
    - 6. Words
  - 7 Personal Life

Follow

Respect

**Partner With** 

- 1. Leadership
- 2. Surrendered
  - 3. Example
- 4. Sacrificed
  - 5. Work



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## Lighten Your Leader's Load

The top leader carries many responsibilities. He can give up many things, but he cannot give up final responsibility. As a subordinate leader in his organization, you can make his load lighter, or you can make it heavier.

Helping the top leader carry the load does the following:

1.	Shows you are a	·
2.	Shows your	for a place on the team.
3.	Makes you part of something	
4.	Gets you	
5.	Increases your	and

## 1. Team Player

- 2. Gratitude
  - 3. Bigger
- 4. Noticed
- 5. Value, Influence

## Follow these principles:

- 1. Do your own job well.
- 2. When you find a problem, offer a solution.
- 3. Tell leaders wheat they *need* to hear, not what they *want* to hear.
- 4. Go the second mile by doing more than is asked of you.
- 5. Stand up for your leader whenever possible.
- 6. Ask your leader how you can help lift his load.

#### Biblical Case Study: Ruth and Naomi (Ruth 2:1-12)

Boaz extended favor to Ruth as she gleaned heads of grain in his field. His words reveal that she had faithfully served her mother-in-law, a widow. Boaz said, "It has been fully reported to me all that you have done for your mother-in-law since the death of your husband, and how you have left your father and mother and the land of your birth, and have come to a people whom you did not know before." (Ruth 2:11) Ruth lightened the heavy load carried by Naomi.



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## A Thought to Ponder:

What are two ways you could help lighten your leader's load?

## What Difference Would It Make:

What difference would it make if you were intentional about doing those two things on an ongoing basis?

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# The Principles 360 Degree Leaders Practice to Lead Up

# Lesson 2: Do What Others Won't and Do More Than Manage

The Big Idea:

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Exodus 18:24

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#### A Question to Consider:

When was the last time you took on a task that was not "your job" in order to help the organization succeed?



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## Be Willing to Do What Others Won't Do

Few things gain the appreciation of a top leader more quickly than a subordinate with a whatever-it-takes attitude. This person can think outside their job description and tackle the kinds of jobs others are too proud to do or too frightened to take on. This is crucial to becoming an effective 360 Degree Leader.

John Maxwell teaches several things to do to become a 360 Degree Leader who leads up. Remember that the goal is more important than the role (Law of the Big Picture from *The 17 Indisputable Laws of Teamwork*).

Take on the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
 Word hard even if no one \_\_\_\_\_\_ you.
 Learn to get along with \_\_\_\_\_\_ people.
 Be a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
 Admit faults, but never make \_\_\_\_\_\_.
 Do more than is \_\_\_\_\_\_ of you.
 Be first to \_\_\_\_\_\_ to help others.

Perform tasks that are not in your \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Biblical Case Study: Gideon (Judges 6:11-7:25)

Gideon took on the very difficult task of fighting the Midianites. Even though he had serious doubts about his qualifications to lead, he was willing to take on the tough task. He followed three key steps to victory:

He was willing to assume \_\_\_\_\_\_.
 He anticipated \_\_\_\_\_\_ results.
 He was willing to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- - 2. Notices

1. Tough Jobs

- 3. Difficult
- 4. Risk-Taker
- 5. Excuses
- 6. Expected
- 7. Volunteer
- 8. Job Description

- 1. Responsibility
  - 2. Positive
  - 3. Risk-Taker

8.



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## Do More Than Manage - Lead!

EQUIP	Board	Member,	Pastor	Tom	Mullins,	says,	"Leaders	must	be	good
manager	s, but n	nanagers ar	e not no	ecessar	ily good l	eaders.	." Leadersl	hip is r	nore	than
managen	nent. Le	adership is	:							

1. \_\_\_\_\_ more than projects.

2	more than maintenance.
3	more than science.
4	more than formula.
5	more than procedure.
6	more than caution.
7	more than reaction.
8	more than rules.
9	more than what you do.
Sum it up this way: Managers work with	process - leaders work with people.
1. Leaders think	term.
2. Leaders see the	context.
3. Leaders push	
4. Leaders see the	·
5. Leaders invest	in others.
6. Leaders see themselves as ager	nts of

- 1. People
- 2. Movement
  - 3. Art
- 4. Intuition
  - 5. Vision
  - 6. Risk
- 7. Action
- 8. Relationships
- 9. Who You Are

- 1. Longer
- 2. Larger
- 3. Boundaries
- 4. Intangibles
  - 5. Power
  - 6. Change



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## Biblical Case Study: Deborah (Judges 4:1-24, 5:1-9, 31)

Deborah was able to gain the respect of a male-dominated culture in Israel in about 1100 B.C. She became one of the greatest leaders of her generation, bringing peace to her people for forty years. Here are some marks of her leadership:

- 1. She exceed the expectations of others.
- 2. She stood firm on her convictions.
- 3. She possessed uncommon security and maturity.
- 4. She valued her team.
- 5. She helped others experience success.
- 6. She thought ahead of others.

## A Thought to Ponder:

What is the difference between management and leadership?

## What Difference Would It Make:

What difference would it make if you were intentional about being a leader rather than just a manager?

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# The Principles 360 Degree Leaders Practice to Lead Up

# Lesson 3: Relational Chemistry & A Go-To Player

The Big Idea:

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Exodus 18:24

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A Question to Consider:

Can you state your leader's vision and priorities?



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### **Invest in Relational Chemistry**

All good leadership is based on relationships. People won't go along with you if they can't get along with you. As a 360 Degree Leader, you must take it upon yourself to connect not only with the people you lead, but also with the person who leads you. If you want to influence those above you, you must take the responsibility to connect up. Here's how to get started:

1. Know and relate to your leader's
2. Know your leader's
3. Know your leader's
1. Supposet your loadon's
4. Support your leader's
5. Understand your leader's
6. Earn your leader's
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7. Respect your leader's

## Biblical Case Study: Naaman and the Servant Girl (2 Kings 5:1-14)

She was captured by the Syrian army during a raid on Israel. This young girl was a servant to Naaman's wife. Naaman was a great and honorable man, commander of the army of the king of Syria. But he had leprosy. How did this lowly servant girl influence one of the most powerful men of his day?

1. She earned the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of those she served.

2. She cared about the	of those she served.
3. She took the	in adding value to Naaman.
4 Her	reached all the way to the King's palace

- 1. Interests
- 2. Priorities
- 3. Strengths
  - 4. Vision
- 5. Personality
  - 6. Trust
  - 7. Family

- 1. Trust
- 2. Well-Being
- 3. Initiative
- 4. Influence



1. They produce when the

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## Become a Go-To Player

The Law of the Catalyst in the 17 Indisputable Laws of Teamwork states, "Winning teams have players who make things happen." These team members demonstrate consistent competence, responsibility and dependability. These are the people who will step up and make a difference when it matters most, often when the pressure is greatest. Go-to players gain tremendous influence with the leaders above them. They produce!

is on.

-) F	
2. They produce when the	are few.
3. They produce when the	is low.
4. They produce when the	is heavy.
5. They produce when	is tired.
6. They produce when the	is absent.
7. They produce when the	is limited

## Biblical Case Study: Paul and the Shipwreck (Acts 27:1-44)

As an inmate on a virtual prison ship, Paul began with no influence. By the end of the voyage, however, everyone was listening to him, including the centurion. Paul became the go-to person on that ship. Note how he influenced those above him:

1. He took
2. He possessed good
3. He spoke with
4. He spoke with
5. He offered
6. He modeled a

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•	Leauer's Ivoles	•

- 1. Pressure
- 2. Resources
- 3. Momentum
  - 4. Load
  - 5. Everyone
  - 6. Leader
  - 7. Time

- 1. Initiative
- 2. Judgment
- 3. Credibility
- 4. Confidence
- 5. Encouragement
- 6. Positive Attitude



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#### Other Lead-Up Principles

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- 1. Be prepared every time you take your leader's time:
  - Bring ideas and solutions to the table
- 2. Know when to push and when to back off:
  - Make the right move at the right moment with the right motive.
- 3. Be better tomorrow than you are today:
  - The key to personal development is being more growth-oriented than goal-oriented.

## A Thought to Ponder:

How does knowing your leader's priorities affect how you can lead up?

## What Difference Would It Make:

What difference would it make if you were to volunteer to help your leader in a challenging situation?